SeqSLAM^[1]

Final Presentation and Live Demo

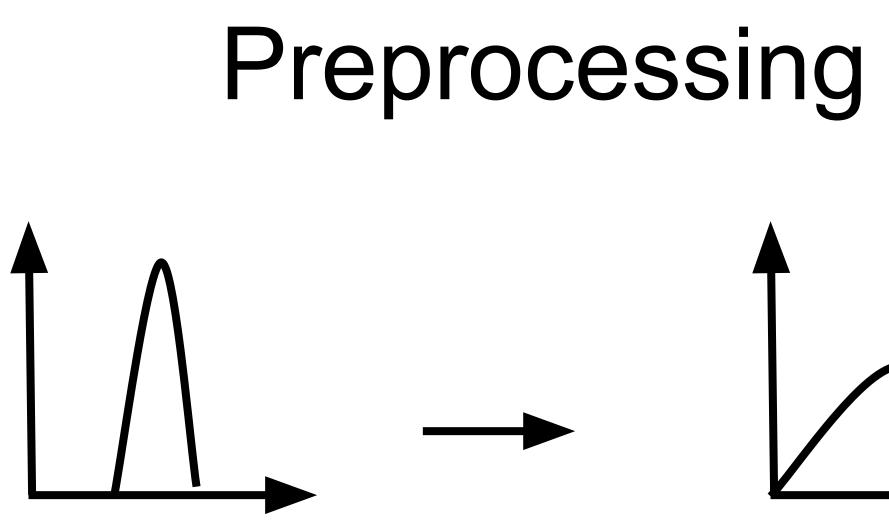
Tim Wiese, Mathias Kanzler, Maxi Weber

TU München: Applied Computer Vision for Robotics SS 2013

The Problem

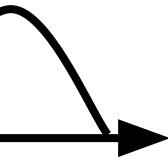
Recognition of recurring sceneries under changing environmental conditions:

- Camera input
- Saving compressed frames
- Applying algorithm to search for suitable matches
- Several improvements to fulfill given requirements



Store compressed information without loosing relevant information:

- Convert to grayscale
- Scale down to 64 x 36
- Contrast enhancement: stretch histogram, patch based

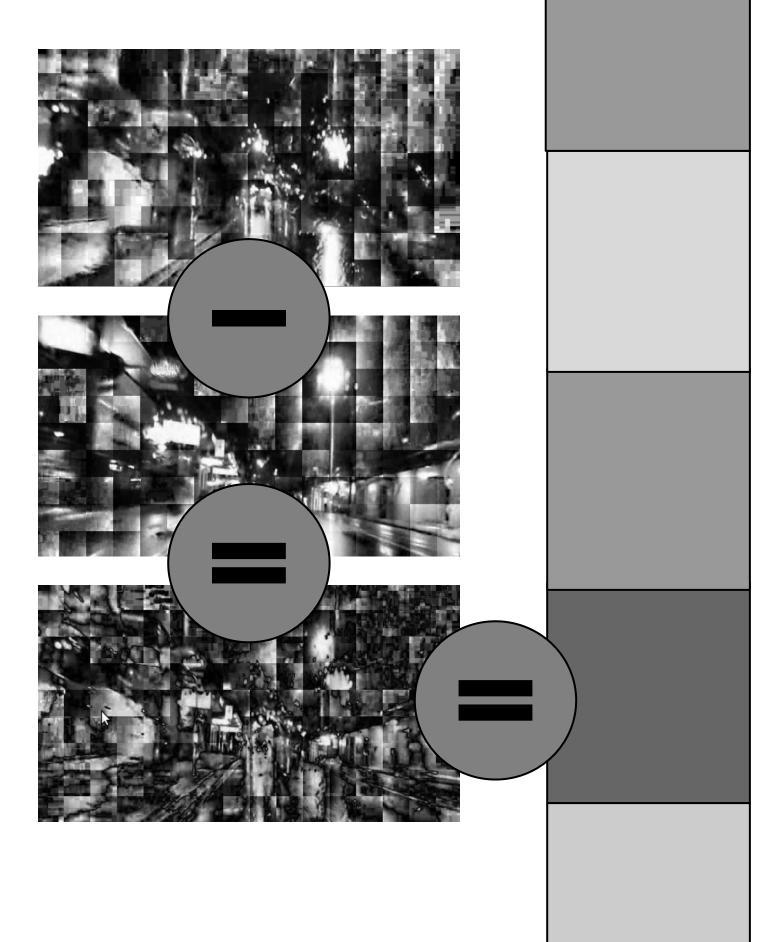


Matching

• Calculate image difference value for

each template

- Local Contrast Enhancement
- Localized Sequence Recognition



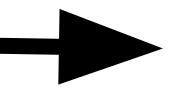


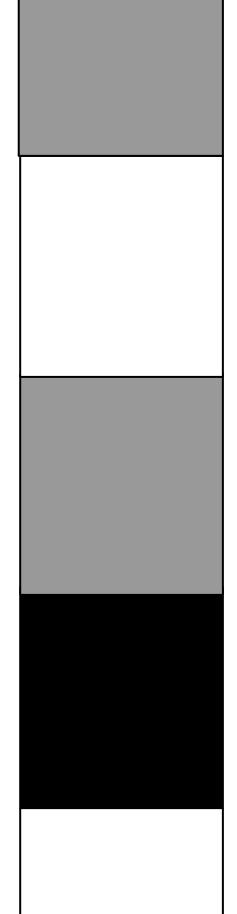
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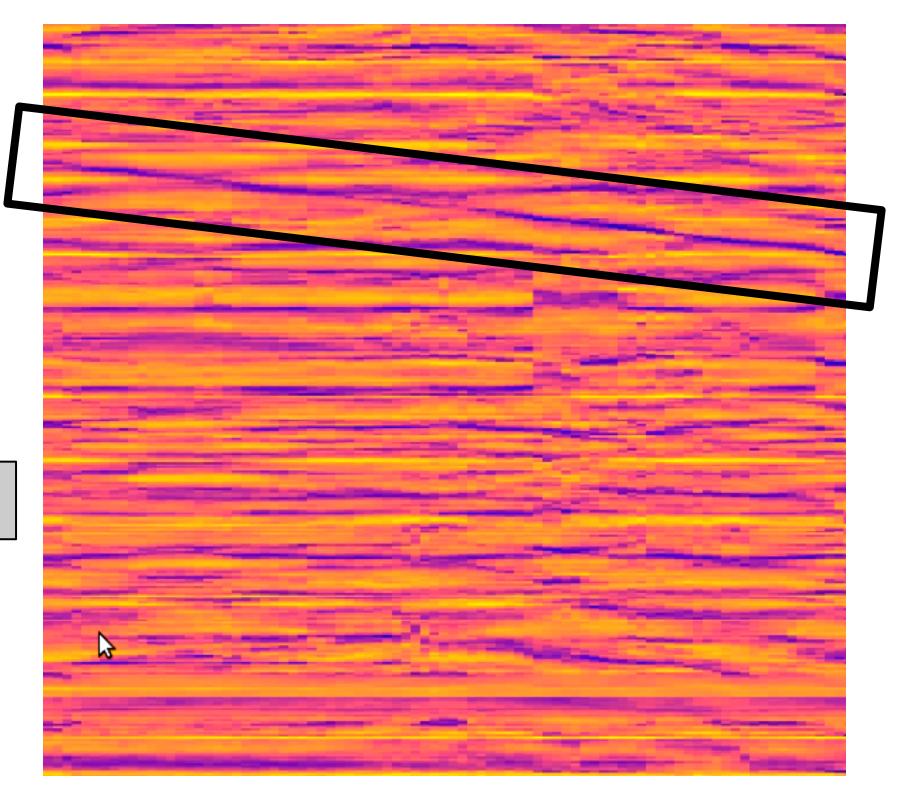
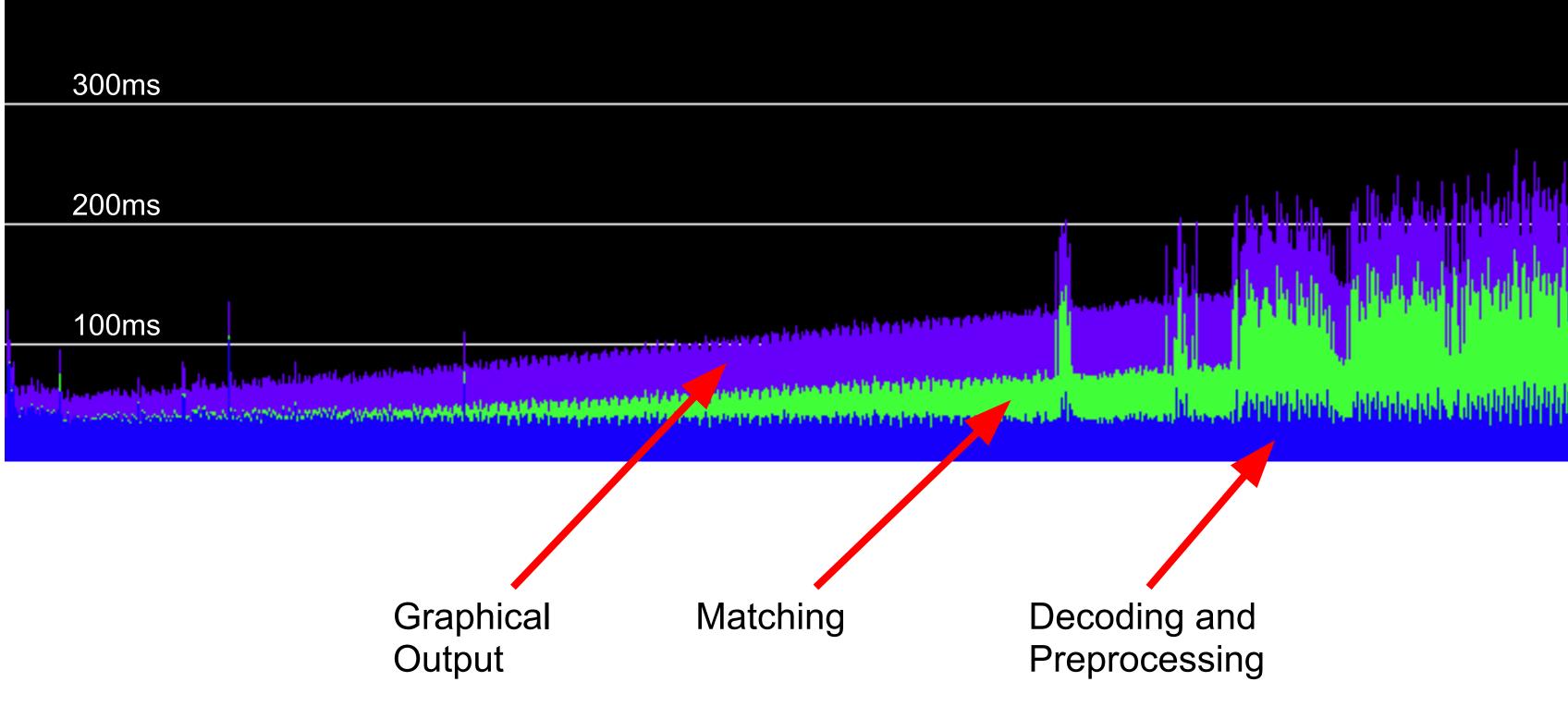
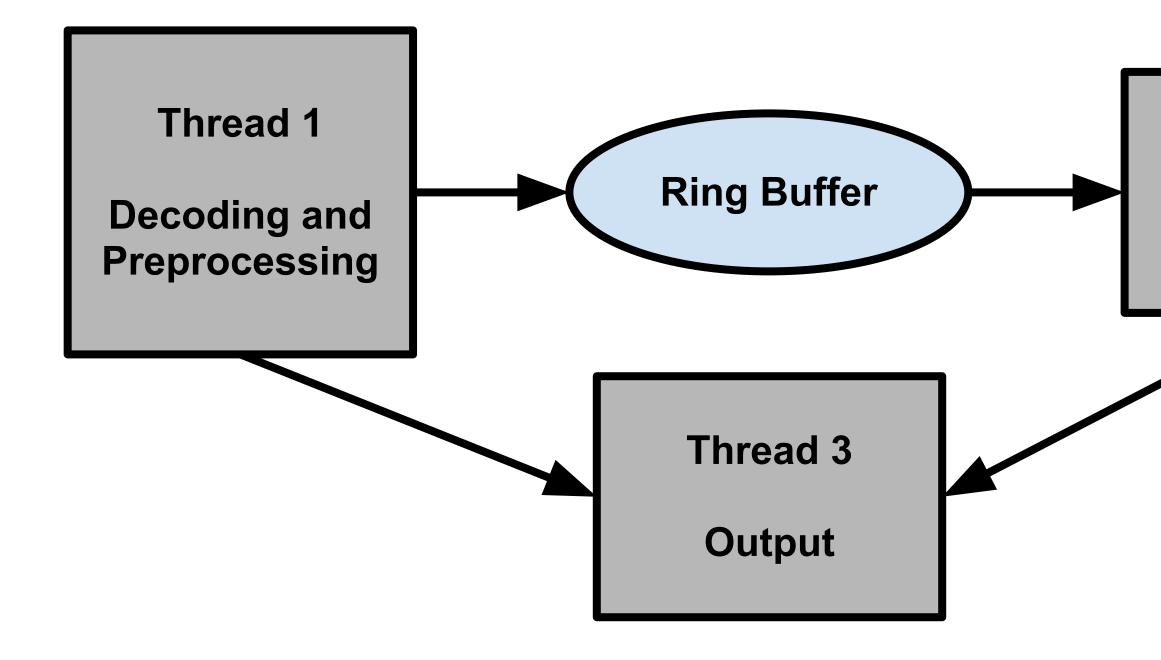


Image difference matrix

Performance



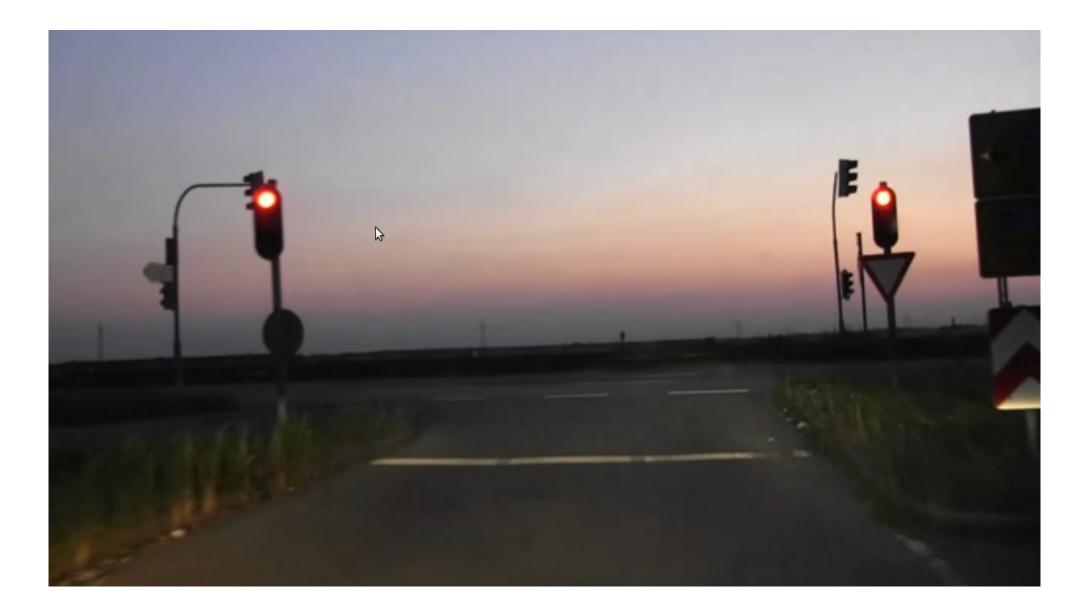
Enhancements - Multithreading



Thread 2

Matching

Enhancements - Stationary Frame Detection



Results





Robust matching under changing conditions

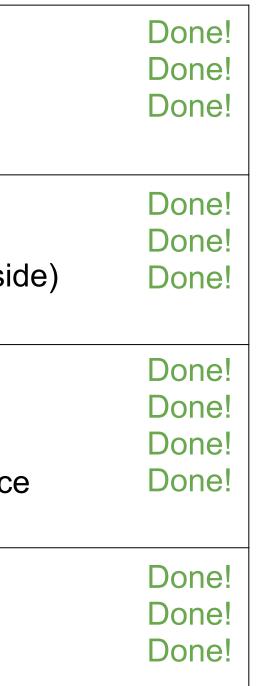


Outlook

- SeqSLAM could be used as independent visual positioning system
- Further improvements by intelligent template learning
 - Learning rate coupled with vehicle speed Ο
 - Online aggregation of subsequent runs with changing environment Ο

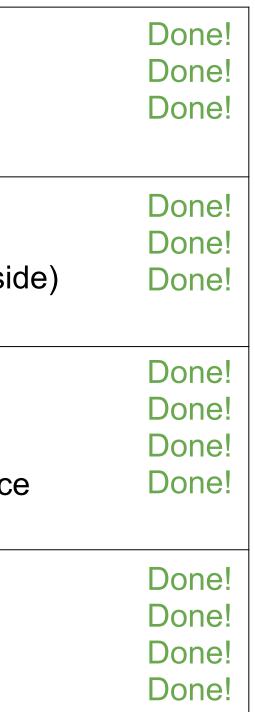
Schedule

Week 1	 Read paper Understand topic Create schedule
Week 2	 Start implementation Preprocess datasets and create bagfiles Generate first basic output (matches side by sides)
Week 3	 Implementation: final stage Testing Bug fixing Evaluation of matching quality and performance
Week 4	 Parameter tuning Improvements (quality / performance) Enhancements Final presentation



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The End

[1] Michael Milford, Gordon Fraser Wyeth: SeqSLAM: Visual route-based navigation for sunny summer days and stormy winter nights. ICRA 2012: pp. 1643-1649